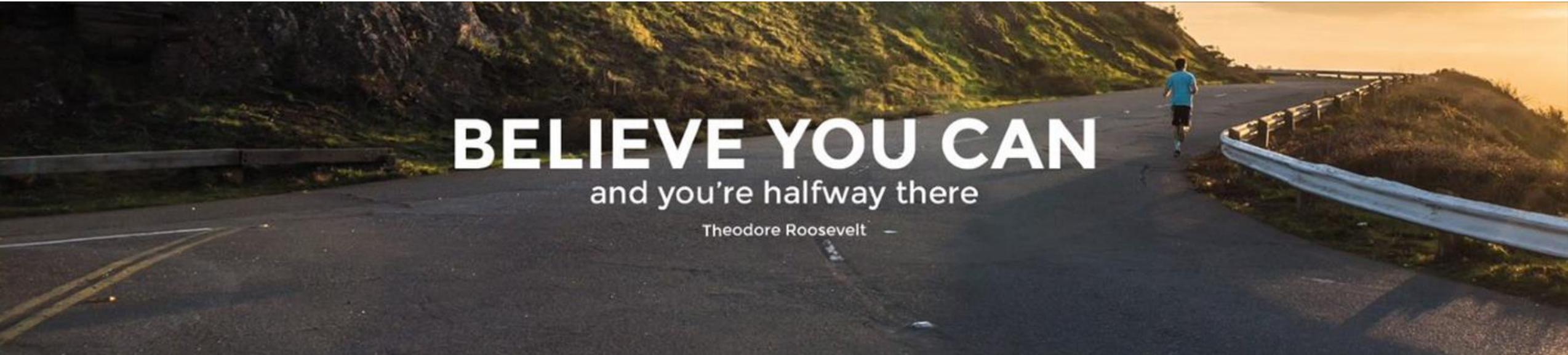


EB Education Revision Guide



How to work with Shapes: Part 1

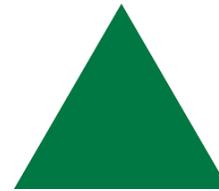
Properties of 2D Shapes

TOP TIP: A 2D shape is symmetrical if a line can be drawn through it so that either side of the line looks exactly the same. The line is called a line of symmetry.

Regular polygons

Equilateral triangle: symmetry of order 3	3 sides, 3 lines of symmetry, rotational
Square: symmetry of order 4	4 sides, 4 lines of symmetry, rotational
Pentagon: symmetry of order 5	5 sides, 5 lines of symmetry, rotational
Hexagon: symmetry of order 6	6 sides, 6 lines of symmetry, rotational
Heptagon: symmetry of order 7	7 sides, 7 lines of symmetry, rotational
Octagon: symmetry of order 8	8 sides, 8 lines of symmetry, rotational
Nonagon: symmetry of order 9	9 sides, 9 lines of symmetry, rotational
Decagon: symmetry of order 10	10 sides, 10 lines of symmetry, rotational

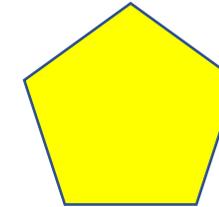
In a regular polygon all the sides and angles are the same.



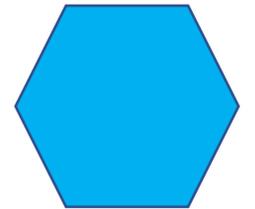
Triangle



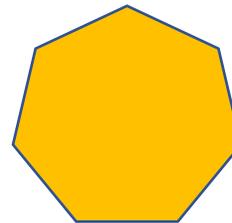
Quadrilateral



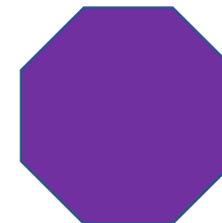
Pentagon



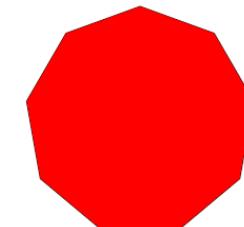
Hexagon



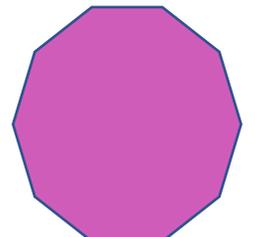
Heptagon



Octagon



Nonagon



Decagon

TOP TIP: The order of rotational symmetry of a shape is the number of times it can be rotated around a full circle and still look the same.

Quadrilaterals

Properties

- **Square**

4 equal sides, 4 equal angles of 90° , 4 lines of symmetry, rotational symmetry order 4.

- **Rectangle**

2 pairs of equal sides, 4 equal angles of 90° , 2 lines of symmetry, rotational symmetry order 2.

- **Rhombus**

4 equal sides, 2 pairs of equal angles. 2 lines of symmetry, rotational symmetry order 2.

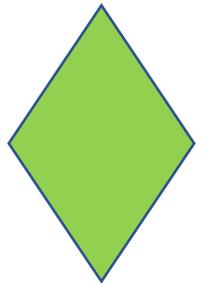
A rhombus is like a squashed square and is the same as a diamond. The opposite sides are parallel.



Square



Rectangle



Rhombus

Quadrilaterals

Properties

- **Trapezium**

1 pair of parallel sides, no lines of symmetry, no rotational symmetry.

An isosceles trapezium has 1 line of symmetry.
(Isosceles trapezium = both angles coming from a parallel side are equal and the sides that aren't parallel are equal in length)

- **Parallelogram**

2 pairs of equal sides, 2 pairs of equal angles, no lines of symmetry, rotational symmetry order 2.

- **Kite**

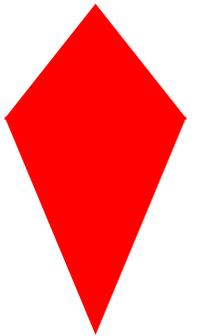
2 pairs of equal sides, 1 pair of equal angles, 1 line of symmetry, no rotational symmetry.



Trapezium



Parallelogram



Kite

Properties

- **Scalene triangle**

All the sides and angles are different. It has no symmetry.

- **Right-angled triangle**

Scalene - One 90° angle. It has no symmetry.

Isosceles – One 90° angle, two 45° angles. It has 1 line of symmetry, no rotational symmetry.

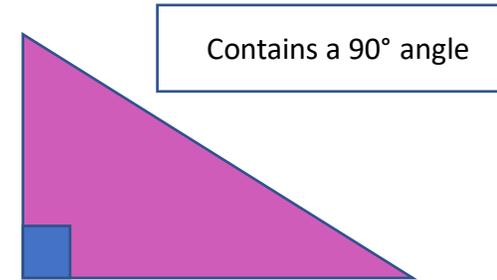
- **Isosceles triangle**

Two sides are the same, two base angles are the same. It has 1 line of symmetry, and no rotational symmetry.

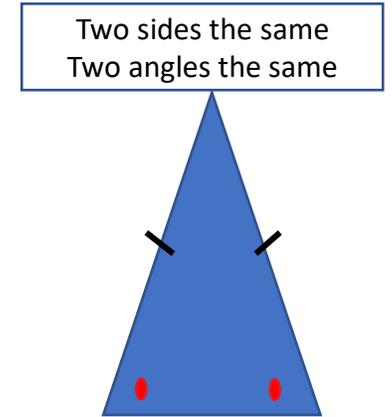
- **Equilateral triangle**

All sides and angles are equal. 3 lines of symmetry and rotational symmetry order 3

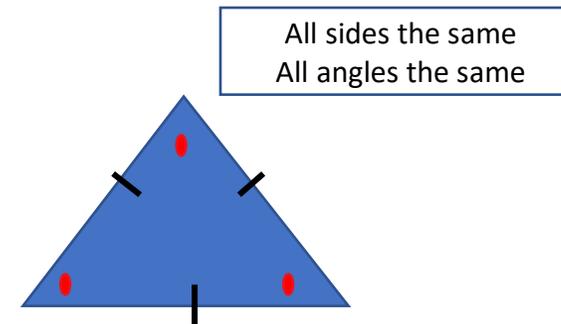
Triangles



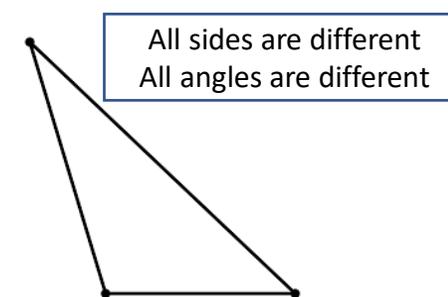
Right-angled triangle



Isosceles triangle



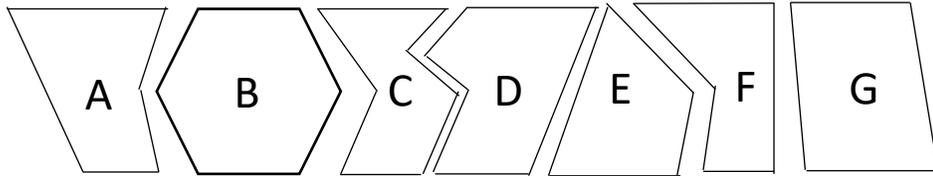
Equilateral triangle



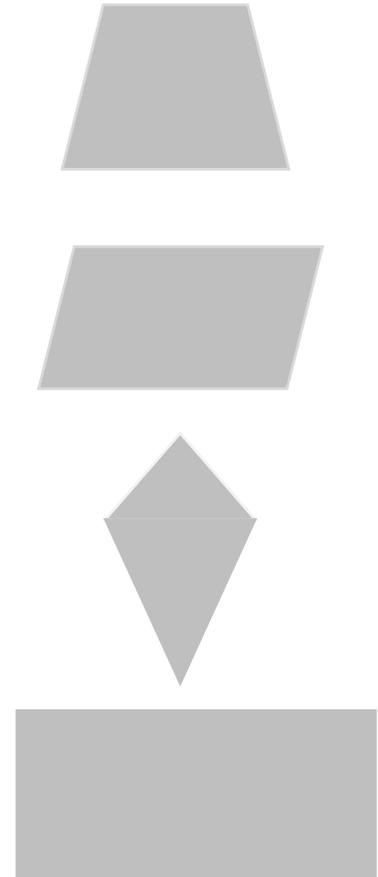
Scalene triangle

Your turn:

1. Write the letters of the two shapes which are pentagons.



2. Match the shapes with the descriptions.



2 pairs of sides equal in length, 4 right angles

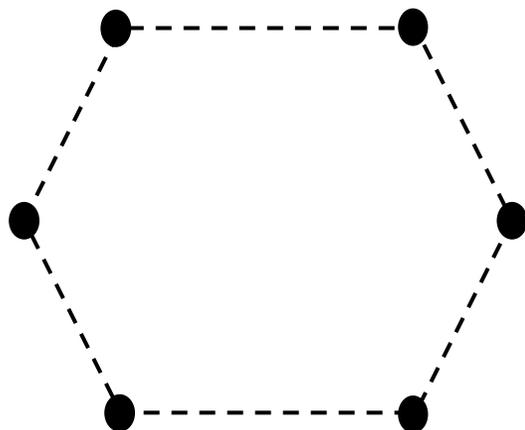
Only 1 pair of parallel sides

Opposite sides are parallel. It has no lines of symmetry

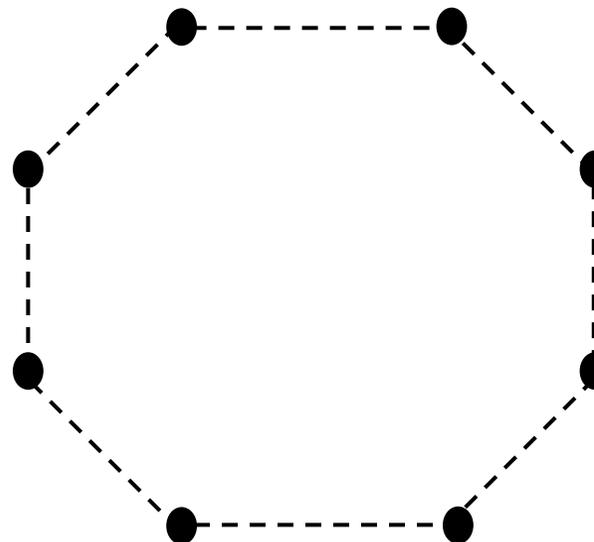
2 pairs of sides equal in length. Opposite angles are equal

Your turn:

3a) Below is a regular hexagon. Join three of the dots to make an equilateral triangle.



b) Below is a regular octagon. Join three of the dots to make an isosceles triangle.

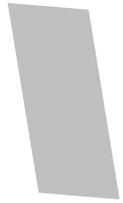


Your turn:

4. Below are six quadrilaterals.



square



parallelogram



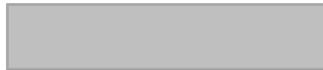
trapezium



rhombus



kite



rectangle

a) Maia chooses one the quadrilaterals.
She says,

*“ It has two acute angles.
All four sides are the same length”*

Which quadrilateral did she choose?

.....

b) Danny chooses a different quadrilateral.
He says,

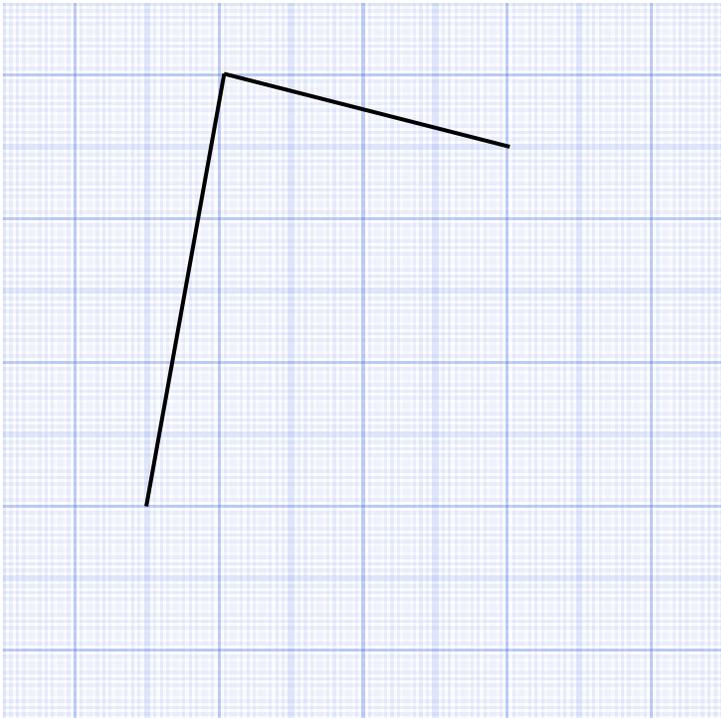
*“ It has no parallel sides.
It has more than one obtuse angle”*

Which quadrilateral did he choose?

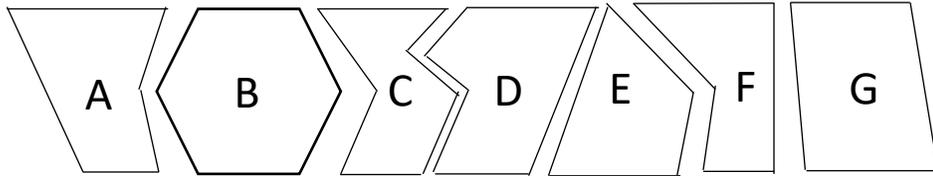
.....

Your turn:

5. Below is a square grid.
Two sides of a kite have been drawn on the grid.
Complete the kite by drawing the missing sides.



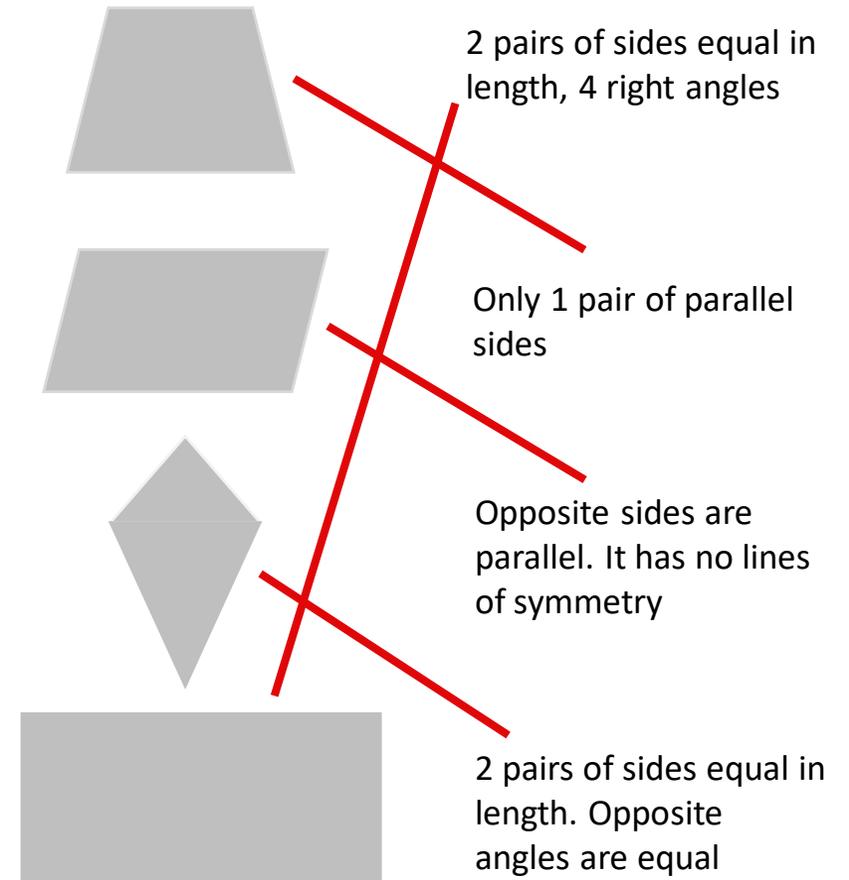
1. Write the letters of the two shapes which are pentagons.



A and F

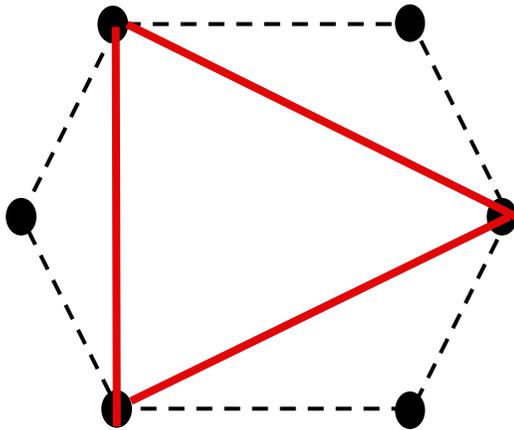
Answers:

2. Match the shapes with the descriptions.

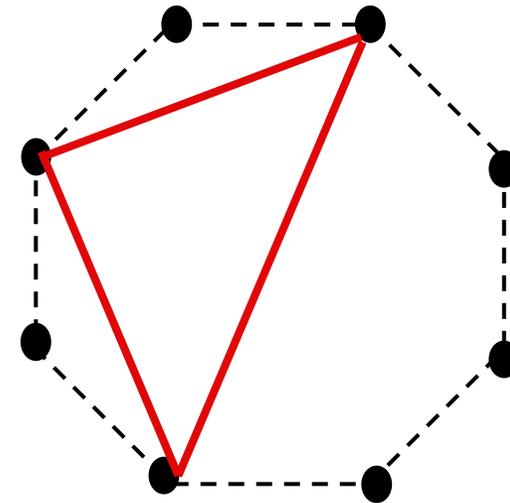


Answers:

3a) Below is a regular hexagon. Join three of the dots to make an equilateral triangle.



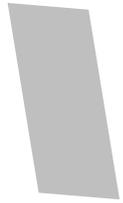
b) Below is a regular octagon. Join three of the dots to make an isosceles triangle.



4. Below are six quadrilaterals.



square



parallelogram



trapezium



rhombus



kite



rectangle

Answers:

a) Maia chooses one the quadrilaterals.
She says,

*"It has two acute angles.
All four sides are the same length"*

Which quadrilateral did she choose?

Rhombus

b) Danny chooses a different quadrilateral.
He says,

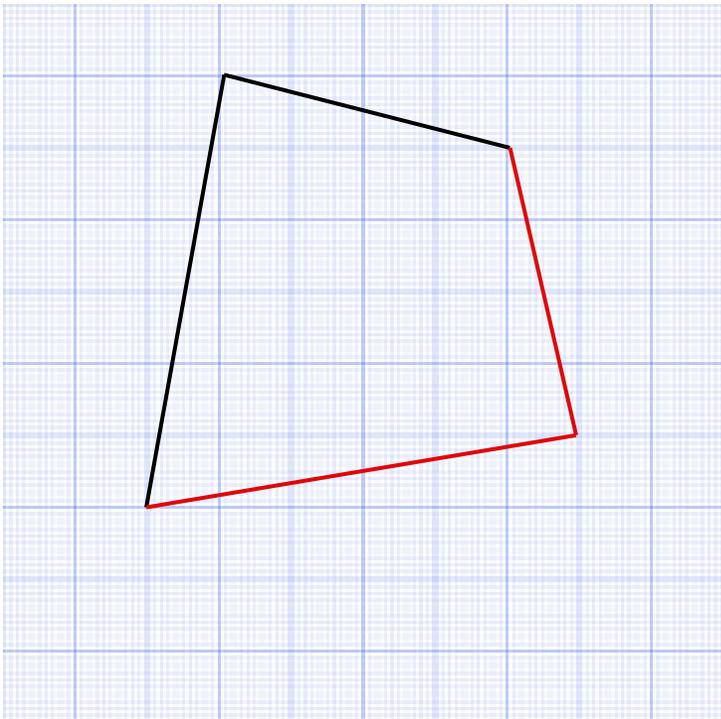
*"It has no parallel sides.
It has more than one obtuse angle"*

Which quadrilateral did he choose?

Kite

Answers:

5. Below is a square grid.
Two sides of a kite have been drawn on the grid.
Complete the kite by drawing the missing sides.



For more help and resources, or
to work with us as a tutor, please
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contact@ebeducationservices.co.uk

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